

↑ Washington Standard / 1 August 1879

Washington Standard, Volume XIX, Number 37, 1 August 1879

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Text

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/toijumton Standard, OI.VMPI I. /VAMIIMJTON TKK. FRIDAY, SEPT 1. 1ST!). The Seattle Disaster. During the week he Seattle* lire has been the allabsorbing topic of conversation. It was he most disastrous that lias ever occurred in the Territory, and following so closely in the Wake of the Kalama oss, \ opnlar ex*∎itemont has been vrought to the highest pitch. A representative of this paper was nn eyevitness to the progress and fury of the eirib.e destroyer. Standing on the deck of the steamer /'■>>!>• yr, Saturday evening, as she rounded Alki Point, he and a full view of the lire in its incipient



A New Fish Supply.

ed A well known farmer, near this place, says that for fifty dollars, he can stock the Deschutes river with an inexhaustible quantity of salmon and trout. His plan involves some ig plain, common-sense facts, and so h- far as we have been posted in the d. matter, the plan is entirely feasible. li- There is a little stream, called Salir mon creek, emptying into Black of river and heading in the swamp s- along the "middle road." During d, the season of high water, each year, this stream backs up through ditches until its head-waters pass under the culverts of the Olympia and Tenino railroad, near the farm of Owen in Bush, leaving large bodies of water d that never again find their way down or the creek. Last Winter and Spring, a a lake of some acres in extent, on



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until its head-waters pass under orchard tends to ad- the culverts of the Olympia and Te- fruit-destroying nino railroad, near the farm of Owen ments prove that Bush, leaving large bodies of water is true. Those and that never again find their way down natural home the creek. Last Winter and Spring, leave it. a lake of some acres in extent, on and many kinds the Bush farm, was filled up to over- die upon the gr flowing by the back-waters of Sal- ascending a foot mon creek. We are informed that kind. The misch after the high waters subsided, this dreaded by fruitlittle lake was alive with young sal- from the ground mon and trout, they having been rowed there by t propagated there from the spawn deposited her left by the females which made their This is prove ! ! way from salt water through the Che- ple and peach halis and Black rivers, Salmon creek plowed ground and the ditches that extend thence seriously from to the batching grounds. A gen- various kinds of 1 tleman in whose statements we im- too, that infect so pose implicit confidence, a sures us, apples and plums that, at one time, last Winter, he originally, from t could have taken out twenty-five the soil. These bushels of young fish, averaging six the embryo state, inches in length. The kinds of fish and institute a represented appeared to be the real by depositing the salt water salmon, salmon trout, and of the young ble fresh water trout, the first mentioned petals have falle predominating. Of course, after fruit appears, a the subsidence of the rain and the each sickly or dry season had came on, these colo- specimen. Such nics died, representing a sheer loss to early stage, or p

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salt water salmon, salmon trout, and of the young b fresh water trout, the first mentioned petals have fall predominating. Of course, after fruit appears, the subsidence of the rain and the each sickly or dry season had came on, these colo- specimen. Such nics died, representing a sheer loss to early stage, or the waters of our Bay. But the fungus growth, best part of the story has yet to be by worm bole told. Our informant tells us that quite unfit for fifty dollars, judiciously expended, poses. Now a will open a channel from the above fowls will wholly mentioned lake to living streams evils. Scratchin that empty into the Deschutes river, food, they are e thus providing a way for actually burrowing insec connecting the waters of the Chehalis and Deschutes rivers and giving an opportunity for turning an inexhaustible supply of young fish into the waters of Budd's Inlet. If it be asked why salmon and other Eastern journal fish do not come up to spawn in the Deschutes river, the question is answered at once by saying that the Falls at Tumwater acts as an impassible barrier and the cld fish go away in high dudgeon, never to re- in securing a turn. Now these are the facts in and, as a conseq the case as related by responsible health and vigo parties. It appears to us that if insects of vari fifty, one hundred, or five hundred multitudinous in dollars, will cut a suitable trench to do with weaks across the divide, so as at high wa- emasculating th ter to seeure and utilize the valuable have the least

escape their sen sickly and upp have been reclair rently fatal decli again to a bealth sensible and ins this subject: " we have no do that the keeping ple orchard has

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turn. Now these are the facts in the case as related by responsible health and vigor parties. It appears to us that if insects of various fifty, one hundred, or five hundred dollars, will cut a suitable trench to do with weaken across the divide, so as at high water to secure and utilize the valuable have the least id spawn left in those regions each season, the work should be immediately done and our Bay stocked with a valuable element of food supply.

CAPT. Ballard gives us the following incident, related to him by Capt. Carroll, late of the ill-fated steamer Great Republic and now of the Alex. Duncan: On Sunday evening, when the great ship was breaking up and no one left on board but the captain and pilot, two dogs, the one a shepherd and the other a terrier, followed the men about the deck, saying as plainly as anxious looks and piteous moans could say, "O save us!" As darkness came on, Capt. Carroll seated himself upon a box towards the forward part of the ship, and after remaining some time with his head bowed in almost hopeless contemplation, his attention was arrested by the two dogs, one on either side, resting their heads upon his knees with their noses close together

and, as a conseque multitudinous in n emasculating the of the havor the produces upon s as well as the pl house, and some made of the effect sects that infest its fruit. All thes less inhabit the in all stages they searching eye of thus destroyed be ble of attacking droppings of the most enriching eff and can do no inju strength, from the tered so thinly over

Advices from M cate that the yello but surely making A camp for poor established, near regiment of neg offered their servi peace. The nur